## JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor.

THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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WEEKLY HERALD—Every Saturday—Price 6} cents per copy—\$3 12} cents per annum—payable in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS at the usual prices—always cash

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OF THE NEW YORK HERALD ESTABLISH

AFTERNOON AND NIGHT LINES.

s leave the depot, corner of 1 th and Market streets, lo'clock, P. M., and daily (except Sunday) at 10% P. the arrival of the train from New York. Passengers w York at 4% P. M., for Philadelphia, c.u. reach Baltumoring in ample time for any line leaving for the West. Tickets can be procured at the Depot, or on New 1st Physics and Population of the West. Tickets can be procured at the Depot, or on New 1st Physics and Population of the West. Tickets can be procured at the Depot, or on New 1st Physics and Population of the New 1st Physics and Population of the New 1st Physics and Physics and Population of the New 1st Physics and Physics

On and after Monday, March 17th, the Boats will run as follows, until further notes:—ATEN ISLAND:

8, 10, and 12 A M; 2 and 5, P M.

9, and 11, A M; 1, 34, and 6, P M.

N. B.—All freight at the rise of the owners thereof.

WANTED—A STEAM TUG BOAT—

of about eight foot stroke, 35 to 42 inch cylinder—

york and Albany. Applications to be made on board of the R.

L. Stevens, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridaya.

at 5 31\*c.

a office on the wharf.

PEOPLE'S LINE STEAMBOATS FOR ALBANY—Daily, Sundaysercepted, through direct, at 7 o'clock, P. M—From the Fire better teamboat KNICKERBOCKER, Capt. A. Houghton, ill leave on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings,

BOYD & HINCKEN, Agents, No. 9, Tontine Building

No. 9, Tontine Buildings.

ET FOR MARSEILLES—To sail first
be barque Missouri, Captain Sylvester
ht or passage, apply to
CHAMBERLAIN & PHELPS, or to
BOYD & HINCKEN, Agents. FOR LONDON-Regular Packet of 20th April-The splendid, first-class, fast sailing packet ship TORONTO, Capt. Tinker, will positively sail as

FOR NEW ORLEANS. - Louisians and New ork Line-Positively First Regular Facket, to sail Wednesday, 18th inst. - The eigenat fast sailing ARVUM, Capt. W. Smith, will positively sail regular day.

mh21 rre

JOHN HERDMAN, 61 Fout. street.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—Regular Packet of the 18th of April—The well known, splendid, first class, fast sailing Packet Ship ASHBURTON, Captain Henry Having most splendid and elegant necommodations for cabin, second cabin, and steerage passengers, persons wishing tembark or secture but the in the above magniferent Packet, should make application on board, foot of Maiden Lane, or to the subscriber.

JOHN I'M McMURIKAY.

The above will be succeeded by the new and handsome Packet Ship HENRY CLAY, Captain Nye, to sail on 6th May.

OTEAM POWER TO LET, at 42 Gold street, with light and convenient rooms, suitable for any manufacturing purpose. Enquire of HARTSON & LA WTON, or 12 Gold street. New York

GENTLEMEN who make it a rule to lay out their money to the best advantage, are respectfully notified that they can purchase Hats and Caps at ROBERTSON'S PHŒNIX HAT AND CAP ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 103 Fulton street, between Willism and Nassau ats., much cheaper than at any other establishment is the city. An inflexible adherence to the system of large sales, small profits, and cash on delivery, enables the proprietor to offer the different stricles in his line at the following reduced rates 2—

First quality Nutria Fur. \$3 50 Second do 3 00 Moleskiu CAPS.

First quality men's and boys' \$150 Moleskiu 100 There articles are not only quite equal, but in some respects (especially in the sayle of trum ming) superior to any in the city. A comeration of the qualities and pr.ces, with those of other establishments, will show a deduction of \$1 to \$1 50 on customary prices. All Hats warranted of the most fashioushle Broadway patterns.

N.B.—The proprietor's extensive arrangements enable him to

HATS—SPRING FASHION.

J. M. TICE & CO.

No. 9 Bowery, New York.

ARE now ready to supply their customers with their spring Style of Hats, which are equal, if not superior, in point of elegance, durability, and economy, to those sold at any other store in thi city.

NEW FASHION.

BROWN & CO.'S ONE PRICE STORE, 178 Chatham square, corner of Mott street. Imitation Beaver and Mote Skin Hats, of the Spring Fashion, for the low fixed price of \$3. A large assortment of Caps, some new patterns, much admired, sold at moderate prices, wholesale and retail.



(No. 103 WILLIAM STREET, near John,)

SILKS.
Plain and shaded, and Chines. Sticks and Spools; Twist Floss, do.
Floss, do.
Floss, do.
Flines, do.
Flines,

COLORED PAPER AND FANCY PAPER

DET AND HORN BUTTONS,
OF all sizes—Bugles, Beads; Hair, Shawl and Breast Pins,
Bracelots, Bead Bags, Hair Ornaments, &c.
Daguerrectype Plates and Instruments, French China Vases.
Also, Plain White China. For sale by
EDWARD HEN, Importer,
mh20 1m<sup>2</sup>m FRENCH CHINA.

FRENCH CHINA.
REMOVED TO

MO. 65 LIBERTY STREET,

A DALESME, Importer and Agent for Manufacturers, he always on head a large assortment of dinner and tess set plain white and girl French Proceding, as well as Dinner at lessert Flates, of all sizes, assorted Dinhes, Song Turess Covered Dinhes, Sende Rowles, French Enchett, Custards Stands.

Also, Francy Tea Sets, and Rich Decorated Dinner Sets.

Also, Tea and Chocolate Ware, Greek, French and Americans.

Iohn street, near Broadway.

LAMPS, GIRANDOLES, HALL LANTERNS, AND CANDELABRAS,
FOR THE BPRING TRADE!

DIETZ, BROTHER & CO, No. 13 John street, are mann-facturing and have always on hand, a complete assortment of articles in their line, of the following descriptions, which they will sell at wholeanle or retail, at low prices for cash:—
Improved Chemical Oil and Camphene Lamps.
Solar Lamps, Gits and Bronzed, in great variety,
"Cornelius & Co.'s" celebrayed Pat Int Solar Lard Lamps.
Girandoles, various patterns, git, allvered or bronzed.
Burshes Colars,
Bracket Solars,
Bracket Solars,
Bracket Solars,
Bracket Lard Hand Lamps,
Brittanis Hand Lamps,
Brittanis Hand Lamps,
Burship Fluid,
Burship Fluid,
Mhis 3md e ce

SIX BARREL
SELF-COCKING AND REVOLVING PISTOLS,
BLUNT & SYMS,
No. 44 Chatham street,
MANUFACTURERS of the above article have now a complete assortment ready for the Spring trade, which they offer at reduced prices. They would invite the attention of merchants and dealers to their assortment, to the manufacture of which, they have paid personal attention, and from the increased quantity they are making, can self them lower shan before of

MACHINE FOR SALE.

A MACHINE constructed for cutting, with a plane, large slipe of wood for making round or oval boxes, for which jurpose it has been for some time dynantageously used, on account of its rapidity in cutting. ... is supposed it might be applied to many other trades. It will be sold low if application is made soon, to CHARLES GLUDIUS, as I was

N. B.—Constantly on nanc, a seasonator service of the me're clothing, cheap for eash.

GENTLEMEN'S LEFT OFF WARDROBE.

TRE HIGHEST PRICES can be obtained by Gentlemen or Families who are desirous of converting their left off wearing appare into cash.

Families or Gentlemen quitting the city or changing residence, having any superfluor effects to dispose of, will find it anged to their advantage to seed for the subscriber, who will attend at their residence by spining the standard their residence by spining the city of the subscriber, who will attend at their residence by spining the complete of the subscriber.

A line through the Post Office, or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.

mh21 lm \*re 6K Wall street, New York.

AGENCY FOR THE SALE OF
BRONZE POWDERS.

THE subscriber has been appointed Wholesale Agent for a
house in Europe, who possess the most extraordinary facilities for the manufacture of Bronze Powders, by which they are
enabled to offer the most beautiful and spleadid Bronzes at 56
per cent lower than former prices, and to defy all competition
in this article. Their Bronzes have been used by the largest
consumers in this country for upwards of two years, who concur in recommending them as superior to any other for brilliancy and durability. The subscriber has made arrangements to
have a large assortment always on hand, and is prepared to supply importers and dealers with the article, in any quantity, at
the manuscturer's prices, thus saving them the trouble and expense of importation.

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Pourse of importation.

CARPETING.

454 Pearl Street.

CARPETING.

454 Pearl Street.

THE Subscribers have just opened the large and spacious I CARPET WARE RUUMS, No. 64 Pearl street, formerly occupied by Smith, Hewitt & Co., and are now ready to offer the public an entire new stock of Carpeting, bought expressive for the spring trade, some of which are exceedingly rich, of new designs and colors. Among them my be found—

25 NEW SETTS KIDMINSTER BRUSSELS, Entirely New.

IS PS. KIDMINSTER BRUSSELS,

IS PS. KIDMINSTER BRUSSELS,

RUFERSINE FINE AND COMMON INGRAIN CARPETING.

Of every variety and description.

Rugs, Druggets, Table and Piano Covern Worstel, Trafted and Jute Mats; Oil Cloths, very heavy and in great varieties, from 2 to 44 feet wide; together with all other articles usually found in the trade. The public are requested to call and examine our stock before purchasing.

FETERSON & HUMPHREY,

64 Pearl street.

DRUGS AND FIXTURES for sale, together with lease of premises, eligibly situated.

The store is well established, and the dwelling part might be occupied by a physician with great advantage. The premises are located in a highly respectable neighborhood. Enquire at No. 22 Frankfort at.

Pennsylvania transmitted a special message to the Legislature on Monday, relative to this fire, and immediate action was had upon it; a bill was introduced making an appropriation of \$50,000 as

A. Stockton & Co., Franklin works, Pa.)
Foundry Warehouses—J. Anderson & Son, W. T. Mc
Clurg, Robinson & Minis.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Manufacturers—Howard &
Rogers, Kane & Keller, J. T. Kincaid, John M'Williams,
Wm. Scaife, Sheriff & Shirk.
Glass Warehouses—Bakewell & Pears, Curling, Robertson & Co., M. & R. H. Sweeney & Co., (Wheeling) S. Mc.
Kee & Co., C. Ihmsen.
Boot and Shoe Stores—G. Albree & Co., M'Curdy &
Loomis, J. Bates, W. McCowan, B. Perry.
Tobacconista—E. Day, G. Wilson.
Livery Stables—Two—R & R. H. Patterson, H. Feneien, Merchanty' Hotel, and several others.

Livery Stables—Two—R & R H Patterson, H Fene-lon, Merchants' Hotel, and several others. Cabinet and Chair Makers—James Woodell, A. Bulford, Davitt & Aspers, J. K. Hartley. M. Kane, Lemon & Pow-ers, Lowrie & Barbin, W. Milliken, J. McFarland, A. Mc-Curdy, N. Young, G. Singer. Auctioneers—P McKenns, Lynd & Bickley. Merchant Teilors and Clothiers—D. Brucklocher, Coo-ley & Laird, J. Green, Wm. Leonard, J. Shipley, S. Schoy-er, S. Stoner.

One reason of the rapidity with which the fire spread, is to be found in the extraordinary dryness of the weather for two weeks past. We have not had a shower of rain in that time, with one triling exception. Every particle of wood in the houses of the city, was as cry as tinder.

We regret to learn that Samuel Kingsten, has been missing since the fire was raging on Thuraday afternoon. He was last seen going into his burning office? It is leared he is lost.

The losses of some individuals and houses are enormous; ranging from \$5,000 up to \$200,000. Thus, one firm of wholesale grocers, the neaviest holders of sugar, molasses, &c. in the city, and also owners of the building in which they did business, cannot have lost less than from \$80 to \$100,000. There is the Monongahela House, also, which cost \$200,000, including the furniture. In many instances merchants not only lost stocks worth \$20,000, but also their dwelling houses and every dollar's worth of furniture and clothes they possessed. Said one, I have lost \$30,000 and have now but one dollar in the world.

The Exchange offices, Sibbett & Jone lost comparatively little. Allen Kramer's safe preserved his books, papers and money. Wm. A Hill, we understand, had all nis valuables in the vault of the Exchange Bank.

The Insurance Offices, we believe, are totally ruined. We learn from a reliable source, that the Fireman's Insurance &fice has lost \$249,000, and will pay about forty cents on the dollar. The Fire and Navigation Company have lost \$200,000, and will pay the whole amount. The Fenn Office we have heard nothing of, but believe it is ruined, and will pay only a small per centage on the dollar. The Mutual Office, we understand, will pay all its risks. Losses \$68,000.

The evidence in relation to the foot prints was thoroughly gone over by Mr. Curry, and the conflicting testimony on this subject completely sifted. He showed to the jury what every one of them must have marked from the testimony to the point, that the tracing and measuring of the foot-prints so near the house as had been sworn to, was imaginary, to say the least of it. [Your readers, who have read the evidence on this point, cannot help agreeing with Mr. Curry in this conclusion]—He afterwards referred particularly to the fact, that the measure of the width of the track did not correspond with John Gordon's boot. He also dwell upon the fact that a great many persons had passed over the very ground of these tracks, from Gordon's house to Hawkin's Hole, on the Monday after the murder. They must have intecepted and crossed these tracks—but they did not see them; and the men who traced them the day after, professed to have seen no other tracks. Mr. Curry next referred to the man seen in the vicinity of Dyer's bridge; he was undoubtedly the murderer, but he was not John Gordon; he was a larger and taller man, as had been worn to by four witnessee; and besides this. John Gordon inch.

Mr. Curay concluded his argument at 1 o'cleck P M.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY, &C. —The usual preparations for opening the canals have imparted somewhat of a business appearance to our streets. Still they have not the busy appearance of some former years. The working of the law allowing railway companies to carry freight, manifests itself strongly, and the forwarding houses are loud in their complaints. Previous to the last election, this law, and the policy of its adoption, were thrown into the political cauldron, and every attempt was made to conciliate the canal interest by showing that this er that party was responsible for its passage. It appears to have been lost sight of in the multifarious matters pressing the attention of the Legislature, for little head appears to be given to it.

This was general order day, and of course almost a blank day in legislation. But few petitions were presented: among them, one for the holding of three of the special terms of the Supreme Court at Syracuse. A bill was passed restoring the distinction between town and county poor in certain counties of the State. It occupied the Legislature about two hours, and would have been more satisfactorily parranged by the supervisors of the counties. The bill introduced some time since by Mr. Morrison, of your city, empowering the judge of the first circuit to hear non-enumerated mections (except in cases of prohibition and mandamus), where the attorneys of the parties reside in the first circuit, was favorably considered, and committed to the judiciary committee to report on the expediency of extending it to other circuits.

The bill for a convention was spoken to by Mr. Bailey, of Pulnam, who concluded his speech. The committee then resumed the convention was spoken to by Mr. Bailey, of Pulnam, who concluded his speech. The committee then resumed the convention was spoken to by Mr. Bailey, of Pulnam, who concluded his speech in difference between them was whether the convention was to be limited or uncertained.

OREGON EMIGRANTS .- On Monday last our city

was in quite an excitement, by the number of emigrants about leaving for Independence, Missouri, on their way to Oregon. Five or six wagons were in company, and about sixty-five emigrants. They left this city on Monday night on their long and perilous journey. They appeared to be very comfortably fixed, having strong, light wagons, well covered.—Springfield (III) Reg. 1-2pril 4. Number of Houses Lately Errected in Boston.—It is computed that the whole number of buildings erected in Boston during the past year, is not less than two thousand. The number put up in some parts of the environs, particularly Charlestown, Chelses and Cambriege, is much larger even than this, taking into consideration the proportion to the previous population, and the improvements heretofore made in those places.

the improvements heretofore made in those places.

Fire at Zanesville.—The fire at Zanesville, mentioned in Saturday's paper, consumed the dwelling house of Parke and Eastman, Mrs. Printz and the business rooms on Main street of Briton and Gubbons, Williams and Greenland, Clements and Warner; \$12,000 loss, and \$1,000 insurance. The most melancholy fact connected with the fire is the death of John Cooper, on of Judge Cooper, one of the associate Judges.

Nova Scotta and New Brunswick.—We are indebted to our correspondents at Halitax and St. John for papers of the two provinces, by the Acadia and the Herald and Boston. The Legislatures of both provinces are in seasion, and engaged in matters of local interest and some of which betray a considerable, want of harmony of feeling between them and their respective executives.

Boston, April 14, 1845

Great Increase of Manufacturing - New Mill Building-Old Ones Enlarging-Steam vs. Water -Another Cantonman Arrived-Election in the 9th District - Sketch of the Daily Papers of Boston, &c., &c.

Another Cantonman Arrived—Election in the 9th District—Sketch of the Daily Papers of Boston, &c., &ye.

There is a great rush among "our first men" in the manufacturing line about these days. One would think by the movements that Clay was President of Alleghania, and that a full-blooded whig Congress was to meet at the capital on the first. Monday of December next. The cries of ruin to the manufacturers, in case Polk was elected, are all forgotten, and the tariffseems, to all appearance, to have got a life lease of a thousand years. The present tariff gives the cotton and woollen manufacturers a great advantage, which is constantly kept from the public eye by the ingenious expedient of adopting high prices, and putting a moderate per centum thereon. By this means many important foreign fabrics are entirely kept out of the country, and the monopoly of our markets at their own prices, given to the American manufacturers. Encouraged by this state of affairs, which, by the way, has poured the money into the coffers of the manufacturing companies almost without stint or measure, our capitalists are preparing to go the whole figure on these branches of business. Four of the wealthy companies at Lowell are making very extensive additions to their mills, two very large mills have recently been erected, and five new ones are to be built as soon as possible, besides a new establishment for making cotton and woollen machinery. These new projects, as you will see, must involve a very large investment of capital, and add greatly to the immense quantity of cotton and woollen goods now turned out daily at Lowell. There are not water privileges enough for all the new mills contemplated, and some of them are to be worked by steam, which, after all, is but little more expensive than water power, when we consider the manufacture of cotton goods by steam across the bay at Chelsea, at the head of which is that princely merchant Robert G. Shaw, Esq. This company is going ahead fast.

The ship Heber arrived here yesterday from Canton

"Through the furnece unshrinking, his steps pursue, To shield him and guard him, or perish there too." pursue, To shield him and guard him, or perish there toe."

The Atlas, the acknowledged head of the Whig perty in Boston, is the largest paper published in this city, fand the most hasty and inconsiderate and foolish in its course; without tact or judgment; often leading the party where they are loth to follow—yet it is conducted in many respects, as regards its various departments, with liberality and judgment. It has heretofore depended more upon donations from liberal men in its party than on its own resources for support, having never proved a profitable or even paying concern. Circulation about two thousand. Of evening papers, there's the Mercantile Journal, a real old maid of a paper, seven columns deep in whiggery, moral reform, religion, humbug, &c., and is mainly supported by the saints. It is edited by Capt. Sleeper, the man that writes those eternal nothings over the signature of "Hawser Martingale." Circulation about sixteen hundred. Then there's the "Little Transcript," which it will be the height of rudeness to speak against, inasmuch as it is edited by a lady, and ahe a Miss. Well, to say the truth, it is paperty little evening paper, and has ever been a favorite with tamilies. It serves up a light dish suitable for a genteel tea-table. Circulation about three thousand copies. Next is the Evening Transler, a new paper, about the size of the Transcript, of good appearance, and neutral in politics. I have my doubts of its long continuance, the ground being already se well improved.

At the head of the penny press, and the pioneers of them all strank the first them of them all strank the first teams.

pearance, and neutral in politics. I have my doubts of its long continuance, the ground being already so well improved.

At the head of the penny press, and the pioneers of them all, stand the Daily Mail, and The Times, the best newspapers in this section of Alleghania. These two papers circulate thirteen thousand daily. This I learn from good authority. They may tell larger stories for effect, but this is probably the circulation. The Times supports the present administration; the Mail is neutral. Then there's the Bee, an excellent penny paper, published and edited by practical printers, neutral in politics—circulation five fto seven thousand. Last comes The Chronicle, the abolition paper, which don't circulate at all, but is supported, for the good of the cause, by donations. I had almost forgotten the American Eagle, a little "native" penny, lately started, with about two thousand circulation. It is conducted with a sprinkle of spirit. So much for Boston papers; and what I have told you is very marrly correct in all particulars. Thus we have twelve daily papers published in Boston, with an aggregate circulation of 42,000 copies per diem, with a population of 120,000. Quite a reading public this, especially when you consider that ten persons road a paper for every one who buys.

Guy Faux.

[Correspondence of the Herald.]

NEWS OFFICE, New London, April 14, 1845.

Result of the Election.

The whigs are rejoicing, as they have gained some in their number of votes.

DURHAM, Green Co , April 14, 1845.

Destruction of a Tannery.

The extensive tannery in Cookesburgh, Rensselaerville, Albany county, owned by Hyde & Bellamy, was yesterday entirely consumed by fire; also a store, its contents, and about 1000 cords of bark. The total loss is estimated at \$10,000 to \$15,000; about half of this was insured.

WESTERN PELTRIES.—H. & A. O. Whittemore received by the Julia Choteau, fourteen tons of deer skins, which are a part of a purchase recently made by them in Arkansas. The balance of the purchase, which is sixty tons, is expected by them in a few days. We understand that the average weight of these akins is about three pounds, and thus more than forty thousand deer have been killed to supply this heavy purchase. As the firm forward their furs and peltries to the eastern cities for a market, we hope that their enterprise will be profitably repaid.—St. Laute Republican, April 6.